TATA STEEL



LOAD RESTRAINT GUIDELINE

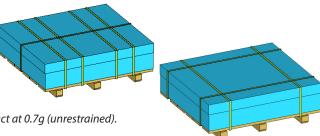
Tinplate sheet packs

1. This guideline applies to:

• Tinplate sheet packs securely banded to wooden pallets.

The friction factor for this product on a timber deck is μ =0.5 determined as per EN 12195-1:2010 Annex B.1.2.

Shape stability of the packaging has been tested to 0.4g and remains intact at 0.7g (unrestrained).



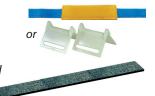
2. Equipment requirements

- All restraints must be web lashings compliant with EN 12195-2, minimum lashing capacity LC 2000 daN.
- Edge protection MUST be used on all front cross-over straps and on other straps exposed to sharp edges of packaging or steel banding.
- Anti-slip matting must used on all loads originating in mainland Europe and all export loads from the UK.

LC 2000 daN minimum webbing straps: up to 16 may be required.

Edge protection: as required.

Anti-slip matting: applied to all mainland Europe loads.



3. Overview of restraint system

- √ Loaded on anti-slip matting for all mainland Europe loads.
- ✓ Load spread down the length of the trailer to meet axle weight limits.
- ✓ **Blocking** or **cross-over straps** applied to the front of each section of the load.

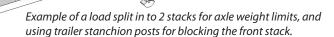


 \checkmark No gaps between packs in each section of the load.



Single packs loaded centrally or to the side depending on customer.

Note: The restraint system has been designed to enable two straps to be attached to one lashing point without exceeding its lashing capaicty

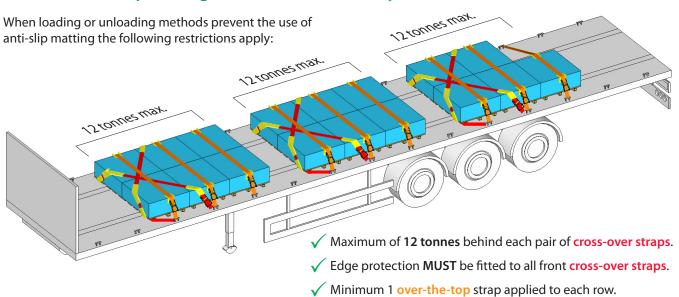


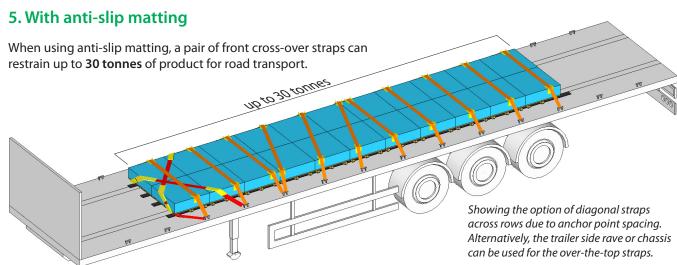
This guideline has been designed and tested to meet the forces for road, rail and sea transport as stated in EN 12195-1:2010 and VDI 2700.

LOAD RESTRAINT GUIDELINE

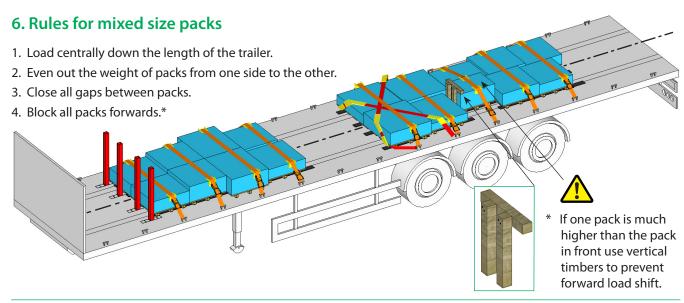
Tinplate sheet packs

4. Without anti-slip matting - UK domestic loads only





Note: Attaching two straps to one anchor point will not overload the anchor point as the over-the-top straps will only be tensioned to the standard tension force of 350 daN.



LOAD RESTRAINT GUIDELINE

Tinplate sheet packs

7. Use of well trailers and well-posts for blocking

Well trailers may be used for tinplate sheet packs if the well-boards are in good condition:



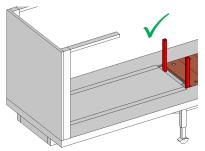
Acceptable well-board condition.



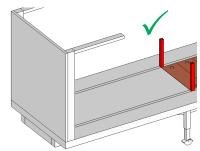
Unacceptable well-board condition.

Well-boards must be placed tight against the well posts, or tight against the front of the well to prevent them from sliding forward.

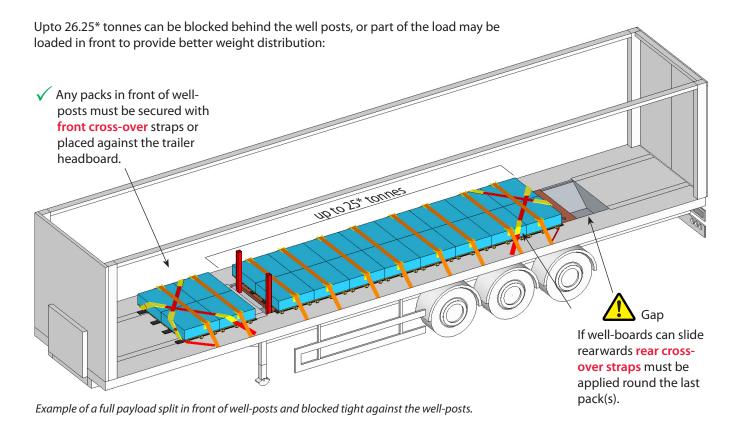
The steel packs must also be placed tight against the well posts with no gaps in the load.



Well-board tight againt posts.



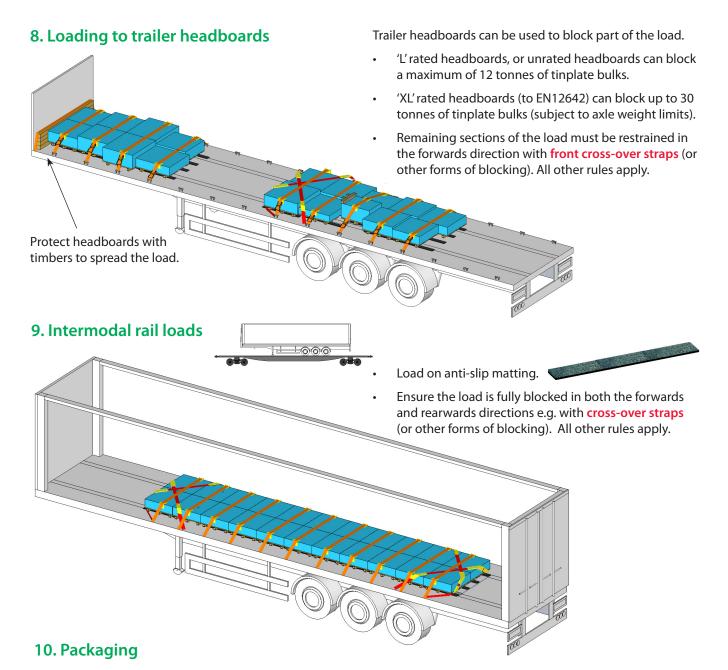
Well-board tight againt front of well.



^{*} Assumes standard well posts i.e. 80 x 80 x 4 mm wall thickness in S355 steel. If S275 grade steel is used, limit the blocked mass to 20 tonnes.

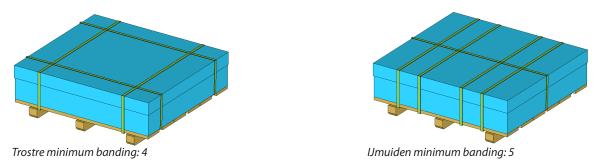
LOAD RESTRAINT GUIDELINE

Tinplate sheet packs



Tinplate sheet packs are supplied in a variety of packaging types but all packs must be banded with a minimum of 4 plastic bands. Note: IJmuiden specify a minimum of 5 plastic bands.

4 plastic bands provide shape stability to 0.4g without movement within the pack and holds the pack intact at 0.7g without load restraint straps applied (assuming standard pre-tension of 175 daN and steel sheet corner packaging).



Care has been taken to ensure that the contents of this publication are accurate, but Tata Steel Europe Limited and its subsidiaries do not accept responsibility or liability for errors or information that is found to be misleading.